## Western Road Community Primary School Weekly Maths Plan

Topic: Fractions

| Topic: Fractions |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mental Starter | Main / Introduction | Challenge | Plenary / <br> Assessment / |
|  | Times tables rockstars. | WALT: Multiply Fractions by integers. <br> Watch: <br> https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zhdwxnb/articles/z8fyv4j Look at Monday's work. <br> Remember: How many parts of a fraction are in a whole if the fraction is $1 / 6$ ? ( 6 , because fractions are part of a whole and there are 6 parts in a whole). <br> When we multiply a fraction we need to split the whole number we are multiplying by into it's parts. (see question 1 example). <br> E.g. in $1 / 6 \times 4$, four represents four lots of $1 / 6$. So, 4 is $1 / 6+1 / 6+1 / 6+$ $1 / 6.1 \times 4=\quad$ Then leave the denominator alone. (Answer $=4 / 6$ or $2 / 3$ if simplified). | Work through as many questions as you can from Monday's work. | Ask an adult to check your answers. |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { त }]{\text { 冗 }}$ | Practise the times table you are least confident with. | WALT: Multiply Fractions by integers. <br> See Tuesday's work. <br> Rewatch the video from yesterday if you need to. <br> Look at Tuesday's work. <br> As you can see with the bar model, you need to draw out the fraction, then you will be able to triple it more easily for $3 \times 2 / 9$. Remember it is 3 lots of $2 / 9$ that you are calculating, not three whole sets of 9 ths. | Work through as many questions as you can from Monday's work. | Ask an adult to check your answers. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { त } \\ & \text { त्0 } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{1}{0} \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Practise subtracting on top marks: https://www.topmarks.co.uk/mathsgames/daily10 select level 5, subtraction and your difficulty. | WALT multiply numbers. <br> Recap the how to use long multiplication by looking here: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zvvg87h/revision/1 <br> Don't forget to break the numbers down (partition them) into their place value amounts, and use 0 as a place holder. | Complete the multiplication questions using long multiplication method. | Check your answers with a calculator. |


|  | Practise adding on https://www.topmarks.co.uk/mathsgames/daily10 select level 5 or 6 , addition and choose difficulty. | WALT: Multiply Fractions by integers. <br> Look at Thursday's work . <br> Use the video from Monday to remind yourself how to multiply fractions if you need to. <br> How to you convert a whole number to an improper fraction? <br> $(2 / 3-$ one whole is $3 / 3$. So, 2 wholes $=6 / 3)$, <br> Remember that 4 represents 4 lots of $22 / 3$. Use the bar model to help you if you need, by drawing a rectangle and splitting it into the parts of a whole-e.g. 3 squares inside for thirds. | Complete Thursday's work. | Ask an adult to check your work and explain why you are doing what you are doing to solve it. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 근 | Practise division on https://www.topmarks.co.uk/mathsgames/daily10 <br> Choose level 4 or 5, choose difficulty and division. | WALT compare fractions. <br> Please follow the step by step on Friday's work to learn how to compare fractions by size, then complete the tasks. <br> Please remember, you need to look at the denominator (bottom numbers) first to see the size: the larger the denominator, the smaller the parts of that pizza/ chocolate/ cake/ apple! | Friday's work - please complete as much as you can. | As above. |

When the week is over, email to let me know what you need some more learning with if you got stuck.

