ART

WALT – sketch an observational drawing of nature

Natural Materials



These nature sculptures are made from **natural materials**. Natural materials are things from **nature**.

Things from **nature** have not been made by people. They are found all around us in the world.

Plants, animals and rocks are all things that are natural.



Natural Materials



Can you think of things that are **natural**?



Materials

Today we are going to draw objects from nature.



Looking Closely





Photo courtesy of Edgar Barany (@flickr.com) - granted under creative commons licence - attribution



Looking Closely



Photo courtesy of James Marvin Phelps (@flickr.com) - granted under creative commons licence - attribution

Looking Closely





Photo courtesy of emacp (@flickr.com) - granted under creative commons licence - attribution



- 1. Choose a natural object to make a drawing of. Look at your object carefully.
- 2. What shape is it? Feel the shape of your object with your fingers. Draw this shape on your paper to make the outline.
- 3. Look closely at the surface of your object. Find all the little lines, bumps, wrinkles, spikes and curves. Put these in your drawing too.
- 4. When you think you have finished, look at your object through the magnifying glass. Can you see anything you have missed?

See Hear!



In your pairs, choose one person to be the looker and one to be the listener.

- The looker will describe the object for the listener to draw on their whiteboard.
- The looker isn't allowed to say the name of the object.
- The listener must keep their eyes shut tight!
- Then swap.



Observational Drawing: Top Drawing Tips



Look Closer

Take a closer look at what you are drawing.

- · Is it rough or smooth? Shiny or dull?
- What colours is the object made up of?
 What markings can you see?

Try to include as much detail as possible!



Step Back

Take a look at the whole object.

- · What is the overall shape?
- Is it made up of different shapes?
- · Which details are the most important?

Think about the perspective of the object.



Use Your Hands

If you can, pick up the object and feel it. Take care if it is fragile!

- + What are the textures like?
- Is it rough or smooth?
- Is it hard or soft?

Think about how you might draw these textures.



Compare Sizes

Take a look at each part of the object.

- Which parts are small?
- Which parts are large?
- · How do the sizes of each part compare?

Try and draw the objects in proportion with

Observational Drawing: Top Drawing Tips



Frame It

Use a frame to decide which parts to draw.

- Do you want to draw the whole object or just one part?
- Which parts are the most interesting.

Use your frame to get a good composition.



Keep Looking

Look at your object and compare it to your drawing.

Are the proportions correct?
 Have you missed anything?

Keep looking at the object to make sure your drawing is accurate.



Light and Shade

Look at the shadows on the object that you are drawing.

- Where is the light source?
- What shadows can you see?
- Which areas are light and which are dark?

Show the shadow and light to create contrast.



Thick and Thin

Use thick and thin lines.

- · Where are the edges of your object?
- Are there any fine details that need thinner lines?

Change the weight of your line to add **form** to your drawing.