

# Literacy 7

WALT – RESEARCH AND WRITE ABOUT A WILD ANIMAL

# 1. What is the title of your next page going to be?

- Choose your second wild animal.
- The title tells you what the page is going to be about.
- It needs to be short and easily seen!

## 2. Sub headings

You are going to be using the same sub headings to research your animal. Find the answers to these questions.

1. What do they look like? (Size, colour, amount of legs, why they have that feature?)
2. What do they eat? (food? Drink? Teeth? How do they catch their food?)
3. Where do they live? (Country? Type of weather?)
4. Question of your choice.

# Example

# Squirrel

## What do they look like?

There are many different types of squirrel. The two main squirrels that live in the UK are red squirrels and grey squirrels. The **grey squirrel** has a silver-**grey** coat, with a brownish face and feet, and pale underside. It has a characteristically bushy tail. You can tell the difference between a grey and red squirrel because a grey squirrel is a larger size, has **grey** fur, and smaller ears without tufts.

## Where do they live?

Squirrel nests are called 'dreys'. They are compact, spherical structures which are slightly lighter than footballs. Constructed out of twigs, leaves, bark and grass, they are typically assembled in the forks of tall trees. There are different types of squirrels all over the world.

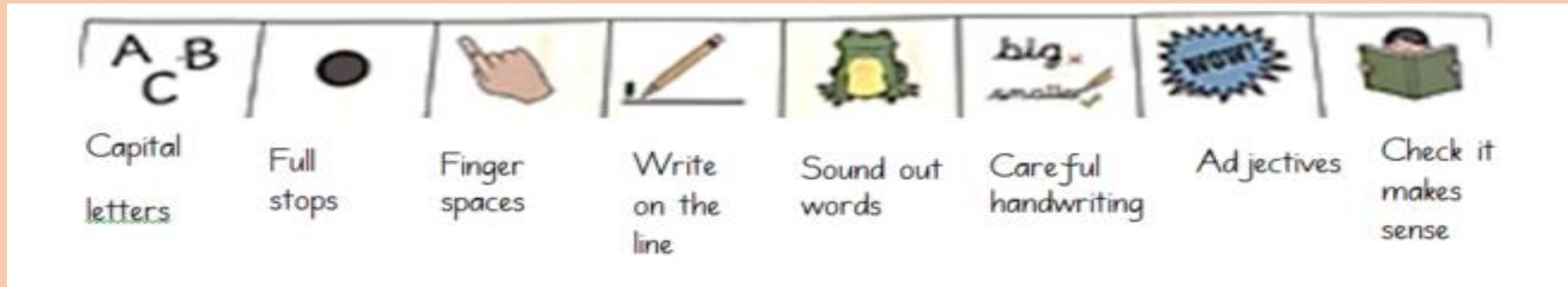
## What do they eat?

Hazelnuts, acorns, beech mast, tree bark, fungi, buds, leaves, shoots, flowers. They will also raid birds' nests for eggs and young. Squirrels collect nuts and seeds in the Autumn and bury them in many scattered hiding places around the wood. They have a highly-developed spatial memory and acute sense of smell, which help them in finding the nuts and seeds even weeks or months later.



Can you write the next page in your book about your second wild animal?

Things to remember:



Pictures!